## Measures to make Horikawa River Limpid

## Implementation by Nagoya City

Sep. 29th 2018

Greenification & Public Works Bureau River Planning Division Waterworks and Sewerage Bureau Sewerage Planning Division



## Making shallows and deeps

Setting wooden piles and ripraps generates variable stream on the river for enforcing river's self-purification function and creating habitats with growth of plants.

...fish spawning and plants' seed ashore

... change of stream

Construction in 2016 (Downstream of Meoto Bridge)

## Construction of Shallows and Depths







- ◆ Improvement
- Variety and amount of fish have increased. (example pale chub)
- Benthos have increased. (example shrimp)
- Plants have grow up more.

#### Construction of Shallows and Depths

May in fiscal year 2018, Jyohoku Lions Club had contribute the shallows and Depths to a city at downstream of Kurokawa No.1 Bridge in the north ward.



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#### Construction of Shallows and Depths



Presentation ceremony of certificate of appreciation to Johoku Lions Club

### Construction of Shallows and Depths (Plan)

City of Nagoya will construct and install shallows and abyss to upstream of Kizune-Bridge in Kita Ward before March 2019.





#### Measures of removing sludge in Shin-Horikawa River



## Removal of sludge in Shin-Horikawa River



## State of dredging

## Measures and policies of Nagoya city Waterworks and Sewerage Bureau

## Removal and reduction of inflow pollutants

#### Advanced water treatment at the Meijo Water Treatment Center(since May 2010)





Minute Suspended Solids(SS) in treated water are removed more by the filtration devices

## Removal and reduction of inflow of pollutants

## Control of combined sewer overflow (Installation of advanced primary treatment facility)

Advanced primary treatment facilities at maintained area by combined sewer system will be installed in order to improve water quality of primary treatment in rainy weather.

- Meijo Water Treatment Center
  - Started construction in 2017
  - -Scheduled to start operation in 2019



Fig.1 Process flow in Temma-cho Water Treatment Center



Pic.1 Special filter material

# Removal and reduction of inflow of pollutants Control of combined sewer overflow (rainwater storage facility)

Construct rainwater storage facilities to reduce pollution load for Horikawa River in rainy weather by storing high polluted first flush rainwater temporarily.

Ozone Storm water Reservoir for pollution control Horikawa Ugan Rainwater Reservoir for pollution control Horikawa Sagan Rainwater Reservoir for pollution control







Started operation in 2010 (13,000m<sup>3</sup>)



Under construction since 2008 (14,000m<sup>3</sup>)

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## Removal and reduction of inflow of pollutants

- Horikawa Ugan
   Rain-water Resevoir
   for pollution control
  - Started operation
    in September 2010
    About 13,000m<sup>3</sup>

Cumulative stored water volume in FY2017

About 710,000m<sup>3</sup>





## Removal and reduction of inflow of pollutants Garbage catcher (Near Johoku Bridge) since 2006



## Additional Water Resource

## Utilization of Reclaimed Wastewater (Excluding Winter)

Conducting reclaimed wastewater treated by membrane filtration at the Moriyama Water Treatment Center Water Supply: Up to 4,000m<sup>3</sup>/day(0.046m<sup>3</sup>/s)



Flat membrane unit aerobic tank (400sheets × 12units)

Upper stage membrane case (200 cartridges inside)

Lower stage membrane case (200 cartridges inside)





Watering period is almost irrigation period (April~October) (Except the period for Shonai irrigation channel (November~March))